KING OPEN SCHOOL COUNCIL

(Official Minutes)

School Council Meeting

Called for 6:00-7:15PM at the King Open School, 850 Cambridge St, Cambridge MA 02141

School Council Members Present: Principal Williams (Chair), VP May Petrov, Kate McGovern (Co-Chair), Izzy Pereira, Liz Randall, Bucky O'Hare, Neusa DaCosta, Amber Villa, Jackie Gantzer, Alison Munroe, Jose Jimenez, Aram Harrow Shalini Ayre (Minutes).

School Council Members Absent: Ada Riggins, Ruth Jones

A quorum of the King Open School Council being present, the Vice Principal, May Petrov, called the meeting to order at 6.06pm, Wednesday April 24th, 2024, and read the call of the meeting.

Agenda:

Update on our School Improvement Plan progress:

- How are our students doing? Grades 3-5
 - o Math (iReady and mClass data)
 - o Literacy (iReady and mClass data)
 - o Social-emotional learning
 - o Attendance
 - Where we are making progress, what seems to be contributing?
 - Where do we still need further work to make sure our students are thriving?

Minutes:

- Math and ELA data for grades 3-5, with focus on subgroups.
 - o Speakers discussed data analysis for grades 3-5, focusing on math and literacy, with a goal of connecting reflections to symbols.
- Student performance growth in math and ELA, with a focus on identifying areas of improvement.
 - o The diagnostic data showed improvement in student performance in math, with fewer students performing below grade level and more students performing above grade level.
 - o The data, from a sample of third graders tested twice, once in September and again in the most recent diagnostic, with the majority of students showing progress.
 - o Growth and stretch growth highlighted, with most students showing significant growth.

- o The importance of focusing on students who are struggling, particularly those who have been at grade level for three or more years below highlighted.
- o The data showed improvement in student performance across grade levels, with more students moving out of the red and into the yellow and green zones.

• Student progress, curriculum, and interventions in math and geometry.

- o Council members discussed the importance of curriculum in improving student performance, particularly in geometry.
- o Noted teachers discuss using data to inform interventions for students struggling with math concepts.

• Student progress in ELA, math, and intervention strategies.

- o Improvement gained in phonological awareness and phonics for all students, with the highest performing group showing significant growth.
- o Interventionists work with students in red to provide targeted lessons to support their learning.
- o Students in red may be the same ones struggling in both ELA and math, and it's important to address this.
- o Importance of small group learning, prioritizing targeted interventions to address individual needs highlighted.
- o Teachers aim to group students with similar needs together for interventions, monitoring progress over 6-8 weeks.

• Math and ELA curriculum alignment across grade levels.

- o Intervention groups are rotated to address both ELA and math struggles.
- o Math concepts learned in fifth grade prepare students for sixth grade math, including division and fractions.
- o The curriculum in fifth grade is similar to that of the Upper School, with a focus on building skills that will be applied in later grades.
- o The school has transition meetings between fifth and Upper School grades to ensure a smooth transition for students who may be struggling.

• Student growth and SEL competencies in a K-5 school.

- o Factors contributing to student growth, including personalized instruction and SEL screeners discussed.
- o Data presented on student growth in various categories, including needs for instruction, typical, and strength.
- o Analysis reveals shifts in student categories, with some students moving from typical to needs for instruction or vice versa.

• Student growth and absenteeism in elementary school.

- o Discussed growth in self-awareness, with some students showing significant improvement (7 points on average).
- o Range associated with each category, highlighting the difference in support needs between students who perform typically and those in the lower range.
- o Discussed the importance of social-emotional learning at the beginning of the school year, focusing on competencies and monthly resources.
- o Seen that student needs are better with whole-class interventions, including music therapy and social work support.

- o School's efforts to address chronic absenteeism, including identifying students who are chronically absent (defined as missing more than 10 days in a year) and providing individualized support was discussed.
- o The school analyzed chronic absenteeism data from September to December and January to April, with roughly 10% of students identified as chronically absent.

• Chronic absenteeism in school, identifying affected students and connecting them with resources.

- o The data calculates the number of students who are 10 or more days absent and groups them as chronically absent.
- o Agreed that the data is consistent and small, but notes that it doesn't capture the total number of students who fall chronically absent.
- o Identified chronically absent students, met with families to understand issues.
- o Checked in with teachers, found some students missing school for complex reasons.

• School attendance tracking and support for students with attendance issues.

- o Discussed challenges in tracking student attendance and tardiness, particularly for families with complex social issues.
- o District staff discussed ways to support students with mental health and school avoidance issues.

• Absenteeism and its impact on students' academic performance.

- o Data showed chronic absenteeism improved compared to last year, with students coming to school.
- o Students experience of COVID-19 made school feel optional, with some students not attending school for a year or two.
- o Noted a 10% increase in absenteeism in 2022 compared to the previous year, with the numbers expected to stay at current rates.

• Improving student data and family engagement.

- o Suggested involving parents in improvement efforts through regular data-driven conversations with teachers.
- o The council discussed framing and structuring data to emphasize growth and positive progress.
- o Challenges in presenting data to families, and the importance of measuring progress for demographic groups emphasized.
- o Teachers overwhelmed and the potential for family engagement to help reduce this highlighted, agreed that fine-tuning parent meetings can elicit support from families.

No Action Items at this time.